

Draft Inclusive Growth Outcomes Framework

Appendix 1

Doughnut models lend themselves to simply and accurately reflecting the social, economic and environmental factors that need to be balanced in order to create an inclusive economy. The inner circle of the doughnut shows the social need we wish to meet, the type of economy we want, and broad participation in both. The outer circle shows the environmental limits to achieving the inner circle goals: limits which can in themselves be seen as an economic opportunity. The 'doughnut' model has been chosen as the basis for developing the inclusive growth outcomes framework as it complements the 'economic, environment, people and communities' strategic framing in the Council Plan.

Figure 1 - Kate Raworth's Doughnut Model

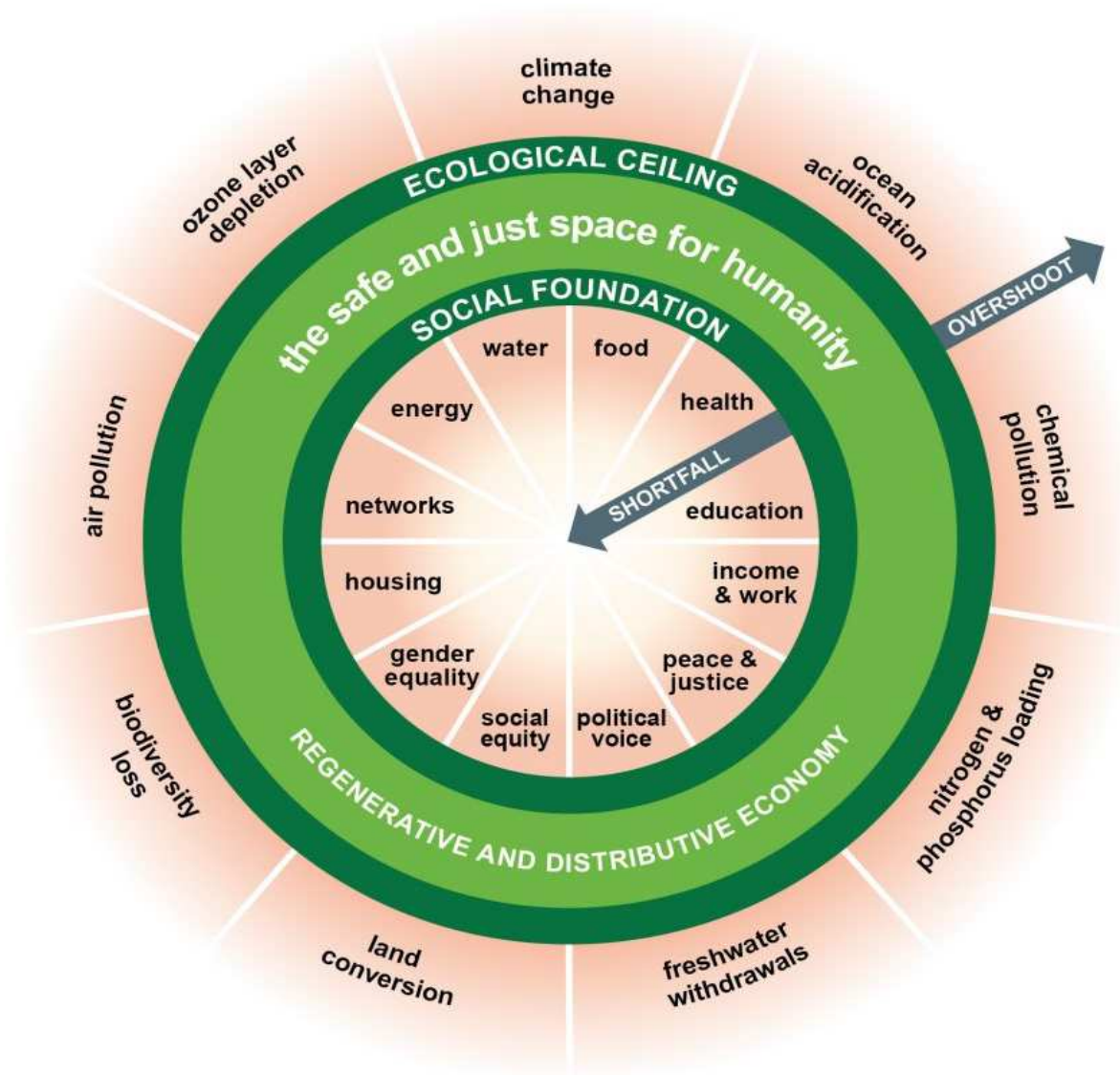


Figure 1 in Appendix 1 shows the original doughnut model by Kate Raworth, which has recently been adopted by Amsterdam as their Covid-19 economic recovery model. West Midlands Combined Authority (WMCA), with regional partners including Solihull Council, developed Raworth's original model in 2018 to become the WMCA Inclusive Growth Framework and this has been further tailored to Solihull in Figure 2.

Figure 2 - Solihull's Inclusive Growth Framework

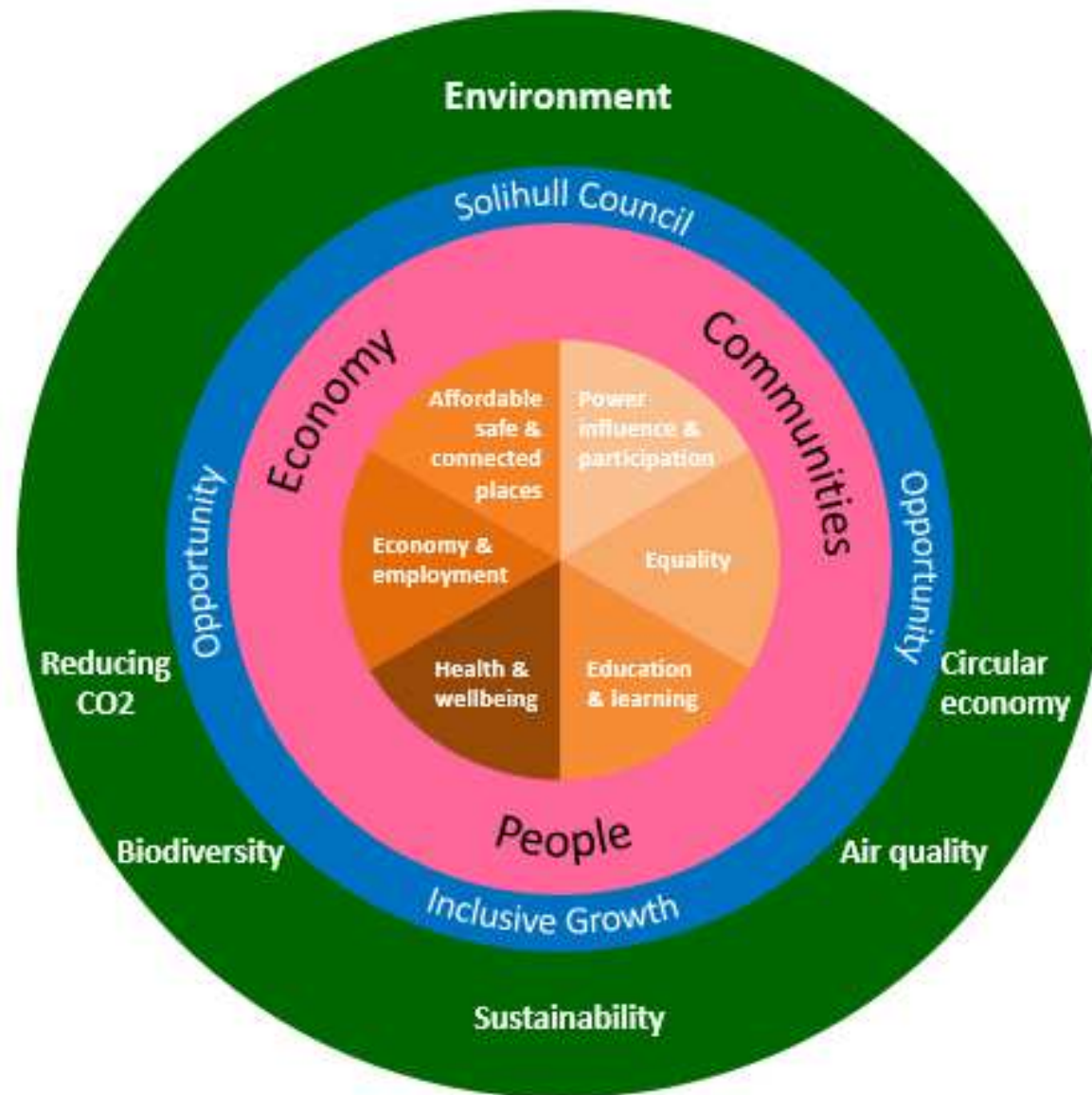


Figure 3 - Outcomes

People & Communities

- My children have the best start in life
- My family and I feel safe
- I am active and healthy and look forward to many years in good health
- I have control over my life and know where to seek help
- I have a good quality of life
- I am able to influence local decisions about the things that matter to me
- I feel connected to my local community

Economy

- I have a good secure job and can afford what I need to thrive
- I am able to learn new skills that are connected to local opportunities
- I have career aspirations
- I can access transport to work, retail and leisure activities
- Business have access to a skilled and healthy workforce
- The local economy is more resilient to economic shocks

Environment

- I live in a healthy environment resilient to the impacts of a changing climate
- I do not have to worry about pollution
- I am able to contribute to improving the environment in my day to day life
- I can access clean energy
- I like where I live
- Businesses are aware of and addressing their environmental impact

Figure 4 - Outcome Metrics

People & Communities

- Number of local volunteers
- Violent crime (per 100.000)
- Children in poverty
- Child development at 2years: proportion of children who are on track
- % of people who rate their health as Very good, good, or fair
- Increase Healthy life expectancy
- Narrow the gap in the onset of multiple morbidities between the poorest and wealthiest sections of the populations
- Reduction in Mortality (amendable, preventable, avoidable)
- Narrow the gap between school readiness for those on free school meals and others
- Take up of child vaccinations
- Fear of crime
- % physically active adults
- % reporting that their local area has improved
- % reporting that they can influence local decision making

Economy

- No of Unemployment benefit Claimants
- % of jobs working in future proof sectors
- Net annual household income estimate after housing costs related to cost of living
- Receipt of in work benefits
- People with highest qualification level 3/4+
- Increase in employment

Environment

- Tonnes of CO2 reduced
- Energy mix / carbon intensity
- Air Quality average
- Households in fuel poverty
- DEFRA biodiversity metric, habitat biodiversity metric
- % of waste recycled
- Access to electric vehicle charging points
- Access to open space